Pediatric CAM-ICU (pCAM-ICU) Instruction Tool

**Step 1: Arousal Assessment (RASS):**
If RASS is ≥ –3 then PROCEED to **Step 2 Content Assessment (pCAM-ICU)**
If RASS is –4 or –5 then STOP and REASSESS patient later.

(Circle Score)  
+4 +3 +2 +1 0 -1 -2 -3 -4 -5

**Step 2: Content Assessment (pCAM-ICU) Features 1 – 4**

**FEATURE 1: Change or fluctuation in Mental Status**

1. Is there an acute change from mental status baseline (MSB)? *MSB is the patient’s pre-hospital mental status.*  
   □ YES □ NO

2. Has there been a fluctuation in mental status over the past 24 hours? *May use GCS, sedation scale, PE, or history.*  
   □ YES □ NO

If ‘YES’ to EITHER question then **FEATURE 1 is PRESENT** → move on to **FEATURE 2**

**FEATURE 2: Inattention → Attention Screening Examination (ASE) with Letters or Memory Pictures**

It is normal to have some anxiety in “performing” the pCAM-ICU when you start. Do NOT try to memorize what to say when assessing inattention or disorganized thinking. Use the pCAM-ICU card during your evaluation of the patient and read directly from it for feature 2 and feature 4. The verbiage we use is verbatim off the card.

Letters (Vigilance A Test)
- Place your hand or finger in the palm of the patient’s hand.
- Say, “Squeeze my hand when I say ‘A’. Let’s practice: A, B. Squeeze only on ‘A’.”
- During the practice squeeze on A and B, do not correct the patient’s squeeze or lack thereof. For pediatric patients, you are allowing the brain time to process the command twice. Then move on with the letter sequence.
- **Read this 10 letter sequence without stopping:** A B A D B A D A A Y
- Use the card to read off the letter sequence so your attention is on the total number of errors. Do NOT stop and repeat command when child has errors.
- **Errors** → No squeeze with ‘A’ or Squeeze with letter other than ‘A’.

Memory pictures
- Hold the memory picture stack in front of the patient.
- Say, “Here are some pictures. You need to remember them.”
- Show the patient the 5 memory pictures. Show each picture for 2-3 seconds.
- Pause at the blank card following the 5 memory pictures and say, “Here are some more pictures. Tell me ‘yes or no’ (or nod yes or no) if the picture you see was one you needed to remember.”
- Show the patient 10 pictures (5 memory pictures & 5 ‘other’ pictures). Say the name of each object and show each picture for 2-3 seconds.
- Errors → ‘No’ response to a memory picture or ‘Yes’ response to an ‘other’ picture

1. Did the patient make 3 or MORE ERRORS?  
   ➔ Error = No squeeze with ‘A’ or Squeeze with other letters
   ➔ Error = ‘No’ response to a memory picture or ‘Yes’ response to an ‘other’ picture

   If ‘NO’ then **FEATURE 2 is NOT PRESENT** → **STOP** – **DELIRIUM IS ABSENT**

   If ‘YES’ then **FEATURE 2 is PRESENT** → move on to **FEATURE 3**

**FEATURE 3: Altered Level of Consciousness**

1. Does the patient currently have an altered level of consciousness (LOC)? *(i.e. NOT alert and calm)*  
   □ YES □ NO

   Any validated sedation scale may be used to determine current LOC.

   If “YES” then **FEATURE 3 is PRESENT** → **STOP - DELIRIUM IS PRESENT**

   If “NO” then **FEATURE 3 is NOT PRESENT** → move on to **FEATURE 4**
Feature 4: Disorganized Brain

Say, “I am going to ask you some questions. Say or nod yes or no to answer each question.” Ask each question slowly and clearly, giving time for an answer.

- Is sugar sweet?
- Is ice cream hot?
- Do birds fly?
- Is an ant bigger than an elephant?

Alternate: □ Is a rock hard?
□ Do rabbits fly?
□ Is ice cream cold?
□ Is a giraffe smaller than a mouse?

Command: Say, “Hold up this many fingers.” Demonstrate by holding up 2 fingers. Wait while the patient attempts to complete the command. Then say, “Now do that with the other hand,” OR “Add one more finger.” With this part of the command, do NOT demonstrate to the patient.

Did the patient make 2 or MORE ERRORS?  □ YES  □ NO

Errors = Incorrect ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ response to a question or inability to complete the 2-step command.

If ‘YES’ then Feature 4 is PRESENT  → DELIRIUM IS PRESENT
If ‘NO’ then Feature 4 is NOT PRESENT  → DELIRIUM IS ABSENT